

DISTRICT LEVEL HOUSEHOLD AND FACILITY SURVEY -4

DISTRICT FACT SHEET KOLAR

(2012-13)



Introduction

Three rounds of District Level Household and Facility Surveys (DLHS) have been undertaken by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India in the past (Round-I in 1998-99, Round-II in 2002-04, and Round-III in 2007-08) with the main objective to provide reproductive and child health related database at district level in India. The data from these surveys have been useful in setting the benchmarks and examining the progress the country has made after the implementation of RCH programme. In addition, the evidences generated by these surveys have been useful for monitoring and evaluation of ongoing programmes and planning of suitable strategies by the central and state governments. In view of the completion of six years of National Rural Health Mission (2005-12), there was a felt need to focus on the achievements and improvements so far. The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, therefore initiated the process of conducting DLHS-4 during 2011-2012 and designated the International Institute for Population Sciences (IIPS) as the nodal agency to carry out the survey.

Bilingual questionnaires in the local language and English pertaining to Household, Clinical, Anthropometric and Bio-Chemical tests (CAB) and Ever Married Women (age 15-49) were used and canvassed using Computer Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI). The village and health facility questionnaires were canvassed by using paper & pen in DLHS-4. In the household questionnaire, information on all members of the household and socio-economic characteristics of the household, assets possessed, number of marriages, morbidities and deaths in the household since January 2008, etc. were collected. The ever-married women questionnaire contained information on women's characteristics, maternal care, immunization and childcare, contraception and fertility preferences, reproductive health including knowledge about HIV/AIDS. The village questionnaire contained information on availability of health, education and other facilities in the village, and whether the facilities are accessible throughout the year. The health facility questionnaire contained information on human resources, infrastructure, and services. For the first time, a population-linked facility survey has been conducted in DLHS-4. At the district level, all Community Health Centres and the District Hospitals and Sub Divisional Hospitals were covered. Further, all Sub-Health Centres and Primary Health Centres which were expected to serve the population of the selected PSUs were also covered. Fieldwork in Kolar was conducted during August to September 2013, gathering information from 1,795 households, 1,577 ever married women and 80 health facilities.

This fact sheet gives information on the key indicators and trend for the district of Kolar.

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLHS-3 (2007-08)	
Indicators	TOTAL	RURAL	TOTAL	RURAL
Sample Size				
Households surveyed	1795	1137	1030	790
Ever married women age15-49 years	1577	1053	956	741
Currently married women age 15-49 years interviewed	1464	968	886	693
Population and household profile				
Percentage of population literate age 7+ years	73.5	66.1	68.9	65.9
Percentage of population below age 15 years	24.5	24.8	28.0	27.7
Mean household size	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.2
Sex ratio at birth (Male per 100 Female)	99.1	101.2	99.4	98.6
Percentage of households				
Having electricity	98.4	97.8	94.2	92.9
Improved source of drinking water ¹	99.0	99.1	97.3	98.1
Having access to improved toilet facility	51.3	31.0	27.9	13.4
Use clean fuel for cooking ²	43.8	26.7	14.6	3.9
Marriage				
Mean age at marriage for girls (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	20.1	19.3	19.4	19.2
Mean age at marriage for boys (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	26.3	26.0	25.8	25.6
Percentage of currently married women married below age 18 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	14.6	18.7	17.4	16.5
Percentage of currently married men married below age 21 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	6.9	8.0	12.6	12.0
Characteristics of women (%)				
Currently married women who are illiterate	33.5	42.9	44.0	50.2
Currently married women with 10 or more years of schooling	37.8	28.0	23.5	17.5
Fertility (%)				
Births to women aged 15-19 years out of total births ³	10.0	12.0	7.6	9.7
Women aged 20-24 years reporting birth order of 2 & above	51.3	53.1	60.0	60.8
Women aged 15-49 years who reported birth order of 3 & above	16.8	17.1	32.3	29.9
Women with two children wanting no more children	50.5	38.5	57.4	51.4
Mean no. of children ever born to women age 40-49 years	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.4
Current use of Family Planning Methods (%)				
Any method	67.3	70.4	67.9	69.4
Any modern method	67.2	70.5	67.6	69.2
Female sterilization	64.6	69.6	64.8	68.4
Male sterilization	NA	NA	0.0	0.0
Pill	0.2	2.7	0.4	0.1
IUD	0.5	5.8	1.6	.4
Condom	0.2	2.7	8.0	0.1
Unmet Need for Family Planning (%)				
Total unmet need ⁴	7.3	6.6	11.9	11.4
Unmet Need for spacing	4.0	3.6	6.2	6.2
Unmet Need for limiting	3.3	3.0	5.7	5.2

Includes pipe water into dwelling, piped to yard/plot, public tap/standpipe/hand pump/tube well/bore well/well covered/protected spring, tanker/truck, cart with small tank/drum and packaged/bottled water. PG/PNG/Electricity/Biogas, DLHS-4 reference period is from 1-1-2008 to survey date; DLHS-3 reference period is from 1-1-2004 to survey date.

Unmet need for spacing includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and say they want to wait two or more years for their next birth. It also includes fecund women who are not using any method of family planning, and say they are unsure whether they want another child or who want another child but are unsure when to have the birth.

Unmet need for limiting includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and who want no more children (These definitions are similar to NFHS-3).

⁴Total unmet need refers to unmet need for limiting and spacing

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLHS-3	DLHS-3 (2007-08)	
Indicators		RURAL	TOTAL	RURAL	
Quality of Family Planning Services (%)					
Non-users ever advised by health personnel to adopt any family planning method	12.5	14.5	17.0	14.5	
Current users told about side effects of method		1.9	16.4	12.2	
Users who received follow-up services for sterilization and IUD within 48 hours		92.1	89.7	89.4	
Post-partum adoption of Family Planning for sterilization		95.6	68.0	64.6	
Antenatal Care ⁵ (Women who had last live/still birth during reference period) (%)	04.0	50.0	00.0	04.0	
Pregnant women who received any antenatal check-up	93.0	90.6	98.1	97.4	
Pregnant women who had antenatal check-up in first trimester		81.0	87.2	87.2	
Pregnant women who had three or more ANC visits		99.6	92.5	90.9	
Pregnant women who had at least one tetanus toxoid injection		100.0	95.7	94.5	
Pregnant women whose Blood Pressure (BP) taken		82.3	97.9	97.2	
				97.2 97.1	
Pregnant women who had blood tested (Hb)		72.2	97.8		
Pregnant women whose abdomen examined		69.6	97.8	97.0	
Pregnant women who consumed 100 or more IFA Tablets/Syrup equivalent		55.8	81.3	80.7	
Pregnant women who had full antenatal care ⁵	61.9	55.2	74.2	72.4	
Delivery Care (women who had live/still birth during reference period) (%)					
Institutional delivery		93.4	62.2	56.1	
Delivery at government health institutions		72.4	37.7	34.2	
Delivery at private health institutions		21.0	24.6	21.9	
Delivery by Caesarean section at government health institutions	11.1	10.5	5.0	4.1	
Delivery by Caesarean section at private health institutions	14.6	10.5	6.2	5.6	
Delivery at home	5.7	6.2	37.7	43.9	
Delivery at home conducted by skilled health personnel ⁶ (Out of total Deliveries)	1.2	1.6	3.0	3.1	
Mothers who received post-natal care within 48 hours of Institutional delivery	87.4	89.1	57.1	49.5	
Mothers who received post-natal care within two weeks of Institutional delivery	96.8	96.9	61.7	55.6	
Delivery attended by skilled health personnel	95.0	95.0	65.0	59.9	
Discharge of mothers from institution after minimum stay of 48 hours	62.6	58.8	NA	NA	
Out of pocket expenditure per institutional delivery in Public health facility(Rs. in 000's)	3.39	3.17	NA	NA	
Percentage of women who received JSY benefits					
Home delivery	17.4	25.0	6.5	5.3	
Institutional delivery	29.7	35.4	13.0	15.5	
Percentage of Women who had					
Any Pregnancy complication ⁷	30.1	30.0	37.9	37.6	
Any Delivery complication ⁷	30.9	31.1	37.0	36.5	
Any Post-delivery complication ⁷		9.3	10.7	11.7	
Problem of vaginal discharge during last three months		3.6	14.1	14.9	
Menstrual related problems during last three months		5.0	14.0	14.8	
Percentage of pregnancy resulted in	0.0	0.0			
Live Birth	96.3	95.4	91.6	92.2	
Still Birth	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.0	
Induced abortion	0.4	0.5	1.1	1.0	
Spontaneous abortion.	2.3	2.7	6.1	5.7	
Child Immunization (%) (Children age 12-23 months)	2.0	£.,	0.1	0.7	
Number of children	106	66	79	57	
Received full vaccination ⁸		83.9	95.0	92.9	
Received BCG vaccine					
		98.4	100.0	100.0	
Received 3 doses of DPT vaccine		90.3	96.9	96.4	
Received 3 doses of polio vaccine		90.2	98.3	98.2	
Received measles vaccine	92.9	91.9	95.3	92.9	
Children (age 9-35 months) received at least one dose of vitamin A supplement in last 6	92.5	94.2	80.7	80.0	
months 5Full ANC: At least three visits for antenatal check-up, one TT injection received and 100 IFA tablets of		40 0000 UV t =			

^{.5}Full ANC: At least three visits for antenatal check-up, one TT injection received and 100 IFA tablets or adequate amount of syrup consumed.

6Doctor/ANM/Nurse/midwife/LHV/Other health personnel, 7Women who had their last live/still birth since 1-1-2008. 8 BCG, 3-injection of DPT, 3 doses of Polio (excluding polio zero) and Measles

	DLHS-4	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLHS-3 (2007-08)	
Indicators	TOTAL	RURAL	TOTAL	RURAL	
Child feeding practices (based on last-born child in the reference period) (%)					
Children age 0-5 months exclusively breastfed ⁹	84.7	87.2	NA	NA	
Children age 6-9 months receiving solid/semi-solid food and breast milk	57.1	60.0	93.3	92.9	
Children age 12-23 months receiving breast feeding along with complementary feeding	52.6	57.6	NA	NA	
Children age 6-35 months exclusively breastfed for at least 6 months	27.6	24.0	31.7	32.6	
Children under 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth	49.4	44.7	59.3	56.0	
Birth Weight (%) (age below 36 months)					
Percentage of Children weighed at birth	95.4	95.2	NA	NA	
Percentage of Children with low birth weight (out of those who weighted) (below 2.5 kg)	8.2	8.9	NA	NA	
Awareness about Diarrhoea (%)					
Women know about what to do when a child gets diarrhoea	70.4	67.1	79.7	77.5	
Awareness about ARI (%)					
Women aware about danger signs of ARI ¹⁰	19.0	19.1	30.2	27.0	
Treatment of childhood diseases (based on last two surviving children born during the					
reference period) (%)					
Prevalence of diarrhoea in last 2 weeks for under 5 years old children		3.0	9.6	10.9	
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and received ORS ¹¹	71.6	66.7	30.8	26.1	
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	78.6	77.8	79.9	82.6	
Prevalence of ARI in last 2 weeks for under 5 years old children	7.2	7.2	1.9	2.1	
Children with acute respiratory infection or fever in last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	79.4	81.8	85.0	78.6	
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks given Zinc along with ORS	14.3	11.1	NA	NA	
Awareness of RTI/STI and HIV/AIDS (%)					
Women who have heard of RTI/STI	7.8	8.1	14.5	10.5	
Women who have heard of HIV/AIDS	44.3	36.9	68.4	62.4	
Women who have any symptoms of RTI/STI	7.0	8.6	NA	NA	
Women who know the place to go for testing of HIV/AIDS ¹²		74.0	65.5	61.1	
Women underwent test for detecting HIV/AIDS ¹²	47.3	49.7	20.5	18.1	
Utilization of Government Health Services (%)					
Antenatal care	74.9	80.1	66.7	71.2	
Treatment for pregnancy complications	66.4	69.2	48.9	48.5	
Treatment for post-delivery complications	77.3	81.3	46.2	40.9	
Treatment for children with diarrhoea ¹³	25.0	37.5	NA	NA	
Treatment for children with ARI ¹³	55.6	50.0	NA	NA	
Birth Registration (%)					
Children below age 5 years having birth registration done	88.8	88.7	NA	NA	
Children below age 5 years who received birth certificate (out of those registered)	91.5	89.9	NA	NA	
Personal Habits (age 15 years and above) (%)					
Men who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	27.3	34.8	NA	NA	
Women who use any kind of smokeless tobacco		41.4	NA	NA	
Men who smoke		18.5	NA	NA	
Women who smoke	0.6	0.8	NA	NA	
Men who consume alcohol	11.8	12.1	NA	NA	
Women who consume alcohol	0.4	0.5	NA	NA	
⁹ Children Who were given nothing but breast milk till the survey date ¹⁰ Acute Respiratory Infections ¹¹ the women who have heard of HIV/AIDS. ¹³ Last two weeks	Oral Reh	ydration Solu	utions/Salts.12	Based on	

Any Injury	2.9 4.3 4.6 8.6 4.6 0.3 83.2 25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	3.2 4.9 4.1 10.6 5.7 0.4 82.2 27.0 87.9 19.0	NA	NA NA NA NA NA NA
Any Injury	4.3 4.6 8.6 4.6 0.3 83.2 25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	4.9 4.1 10.6 5.7 0.4 82.2 27.0 87.9	NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA
Acute Illness Chronic Illness Chronic Illness Cheported Prevalence of Chronic Illness during last one year (%) Disease of respiratory system Disease of cardiovascular system Persons suffering from tuberculosis Inaemia Status by Haemoglobin Level ¹⁴ (%) Children (6-59 months) having anaemia Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-19 Years) having anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years) having anaemia - Female	4.3 4.6 8.6 4.6 0.3 83.2 25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	4.9 4.1 10.6 5.7 0.4 82.2 27.0 87.9	NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA
Chronic Illness	8.6 4.6 0.3 83.2 25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	4.1 10.6 5.7 0.4 82.2 27.0 87.9	NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA
Disease of respiratory system Disease of cardiovascular system Persons suffering from tuberculosis Anaemia Status by Haemoglobin Level ¹⁴ (%) Children (6-59 months) having anaemia Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-19 Years) having anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Male	8.6 4.6 0.3 83.2 25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	10.6 5.7 0.4 82.2 27.0 87.9	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
Disease of respiratory system Disease of cardiovascular system Persons suffering from tuberculosis Inaemia Status by Haemoglobin Level ¹⁴ (%) Children (6-59 months) having anaemia Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male	4.6 0.3 83.2 25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	5.7 0.4 82.2 27.0 87.9	NA NA	NA NA
Disease of cardiovascular system Persons suffering from tuberculosis Inaemia Status by Haemoglobin Level ¹⁴ (%) Children (6-59 months) having anaemia Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male	4.6 0.3 83.2 25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	5.7 0.4 82.2 27.0 87.9	NA NA	NA NA
Persons suffering from tuberculosis Inaemia Status by Haemoglobin Level ¹⁴ (%) Children (6-59 months) having anaemia Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male	83.2 25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	0.4 82.2 27.0 87.9	NA NA	NA
Children (6-59 months) having anaemia Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Male	83.2 25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	82.2 27.0 87.9	NA	
Children (6-59 months) having anaemia Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years) having anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years) having anaemia - Female	25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	27.0 87.9		NA
Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male	25.6 86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	27.0 87.9		NA
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male	86.5 17.2 85.6 15.8	87.9	NA	
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Female	17.2 85.6 15.8			NA
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female	85.6 15.8	19.0	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Female Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Female	15.8		NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male		84.5	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male	05.0	15.5	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female	85.2	86.8	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female	16.9	18.9	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Male	85.3	84.6	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male	17.2	17.9	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male	77.8	79.6	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Female	14.2	14.5	NA	NA
	77.8	79.6	NA	NA
	18.4	20.0	NA	NA
Adolescents (15-19 years) having anaemia	77.9	77.5	NA	NA
Adolescents (15-19 years) having severe anaemia	14.8	14.9	NA	NA
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having anaemia	83.8	81.1	NA	NA
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia	18.9	20.8	NA	NA
Women (15-49 aged) having anaemia	82.5	83.3	NA	NA
Women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia	19.2	21.4	NA	NA
Persons (20 years and above) having anaemia	73.2	75.2	NA	NA
Persons (20 years and above) having Severe anaemia	16.0	19.3	NA	NA
Blood Sugar Level (age 18 years and above) (%)				
Blood Sugar Level >140 mg/dl (high)	14.6	11.5	NA	NA
Blood Sugar Level >160 mg/dl (very high)	9.0	6.6	NA	NA
lypertension (age 18 years and above) (%)				
Above Normal Range (Systolic >140 mm of Hg & Diastolic >90 mm of Hg)	23.6	20.3	NA	NA
Moderately High (Systolic >160 mm of Hg & Diastolic >100 mm of Hg)	8.4	7.0	NA	NA
Very High (Systolic >180 mm of Hg & Diastolic >110 mm of Hg)	2.9	2.3	NA	NA
odized salt in Households (%)				
Households using iodized salt (15+ppm)	53.5	43.5	NA	NA
Any anaemia below 11g/dl, severe anaemia below 7g/dl. 15 Excluding age group 19 years				

⁴

	Number/Percentage	
Indicators	DLHS-4	DLHS-3
Villages covered		
Number of villages	44	38
Health Facilities covered		
Number of Sub-Health Centres	40	35
Number of Primary Health Centres (PHC)	32	27
Number of Community Health Centres (CHC) including Block PHC	2	2
Number of Sub-Divisional Hospitals (SDH)	5	NA
Number of District Hospitals (DH)	1	1
Health programmes at village level		
Percentage of villages having ASHA	97.7	2.6
Percentage of Villages having Village Health Nutrition and Sanitation Committee (VHNSC)	97.7	29.0
Accessibility of health facility (%)		
Villages with Sub-Health Centre within 3 km	75.0	50.0
Villages with PHC within 10 km	81.8	84.2
Availability of Health Infrastructure, Staff and Services at (%)		
Sub-Health Centre		
Sub-Health Centre located in government building	77.5	62.9
Sub-Health Centre with ANM	85.0	94.3
Sub-Health Centre with male health worker	17.5	22.9
Sub-Health Centre with ANM residing in Sub-Health Centre quarter where facility is available	53.3	43.8
Sub-Health Centre with additional ANM	0.0	5.7
Primary Health Centre (PHC)	0.0	5.7
PHCs functioning on 24 X 7 hours basis	81.3	33.3
PHCs having Lady Medical Officer	10.0	29.6
PHCs with at least 4 beds	93.8	81.5
PHCs with AYUSH doctor	0.0	14.8
PHCs having residential quarter for Medical Officer	21.9	33.3
PHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	100.0	NA
PHCs having referral services for pregnancies/delivery on 24 X 7 hours basis	50.0	NA
PHCs conducted at least 10 deliveries during last one month on 24 X 7 hours basis	34.6	55.6
Community Health Centre (CHC)		
CHCs having 24 X 7 hours normal delivery services	2	2
CHCs having Obstetrician/Gynaecologist		1
CHCs having Anesthetist	0	NA
CHCs having functional Operation Theatre	2	1
CHCs designated as FRUs	1	1
CHCs designated as FRUs offering caesarean section	0	0
CHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	1	0
Sub Divisional Hospital (SDH)		
SDHs having Paediatrician	4	NA
SDHs having regular radiographer	1	NA
SDHs having 2D Echo facility	0	NA
SDHs having Ultrasound facility	3	NA
SDHs having three phase connection	5	NA
SDHs having critical care area	3	NA
SDHs having suggestion and complaint box	3	NA
District Hospital (DH)	- -	
DHs having Paediatrician	1	1
DHs having regular radiographer	1	1
DHs having 2D Echo facility	0	0
DHs having Ultrasound facility	1	NA
DHs having three phase connection	1	1
DHs having critical care area	1	0
-		•
DHs having suggestion and complaint box	1	1

INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR POPULATION SCIENCES

Vision: "To position IIPS as a premier teaching and research institution in population sciences responsive to

emerging national and global needs based on values of inclusion, sensitivity and rights protection."

Mission: "The Institute will strive to be a centre of excellence on population, health and development issues

through high quality education, teaching and research. This will be achieved by (a) creating competent professionals, (b) generating and disseminating scientific knowledge and evidence, (c) collaboration

and exchange of knowledge, and (d) advocacy and awareness."

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